

Funder	Project Title	Funding	Institution
Department of Defense - Autism Research Program	Redox abnormalities as a vulnerability phenotype for autism and related alterations in CNS development	\$0	Arkansas Children's Hospital Research Institute
Department of Defense - Autism Research Program	Mechanisms of mitochondrial dysfunction in autism	\$0	Georgia State University
Department of Defense - Autism Research Program	Redox abnormalities as a vulnerability phenotype for autism and related alterations in CNS development	\$0	University of Rochester
Department of Defense - Autism Research Program	Systematic characterization of the immune response to gluten and casein in autism spectrum disorders	\$0	Weill Cornell Medical College
Department of Defense - Autism Research Program	Redox abnormalities as a vulnerability phenotype for autism and related alterations in CNS development	\$0	State University of New York at Potsdam
Brain & Behavior Research Foundation	Role of microglial activation in the serotonergic and neuroimmune disturbances underlying autism	\$0	Hamamatsu University School of Medicine
Autism Research Institute	Investigation of IL-9, IL-33 and TSLP in serum of autistic children	\$8,650	Tufts University School of Medicine
Autism Speaks	A role for immune molecules in cortical connectivity: Potential implications for autism	\$0	University of California, Davis
Autism Speaks	How does IL-6 mediate the development of autism-related behaviors?	\$0	California Institute of Technology
Autism Speaks	Maternal infection and autism: Impact of placental sufficiency and maternal inflammatory responses on fetal brain development	\$108,375	Stanford University
Autism Speaks	The mechanism of the maternal infection risk factor for autism	\$0	California Institute of Technology
Autism Speaks	Influence of the maternal immune response on the development of autism	\$0	University of Medicine & Dentistry of New Jersey
Autism Speaks	Influence of maternal cytokines during pregnancy on effector and regulatory T helper cells as etiological factors in autism	\$93,500	University of Medicine & Dentistry of New Jersey
Autism Speaks	The pathogenesis of autism: Maternal antibody exposure in the fetal brain	\$93,500	The Feinstein Institute for Medical Research
Health Resources and Services Administration	The Study of Toddlers with Autism and Regression (STAR) Protocol – Screening for treatable disorders and biomarkers of inflammation and immune activation in the plasma and CNS	\$158,461	Surrey Place Centre, Toronto
National Institutes of Health	Primate models of autism	\$75,629	University of California, Davis
National Institutes of Health	A non-human primate autism model based on maternal immune activation	\$75,629	University of California, Davis
National Institutes of Health	Prostaglandins and cerebellum development	\$371,250	University of Maryland, Baltimore
National Institutes of Health	CNS toxicity of ambient air pollution: Postnatal exposure to ultrafine particles	\$229,433	University of Rochester
National Institutes of Health	Autoimmunity against novel antigens in neuropsychiatric dysfunction	\$320,000	University of Pennsylvania
National Institutes of Health	A primate model of gut, immune, and CNS response to childhood vaccines	\$156,634	University of Washington
Simons Foundation	A non-human primate autism model based on maternal infection	\$200,000	California Institute of Technology

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Simons Foundation	GABA(A) and prenatal immune events leading to autism	\$62,500	Stanford University
Simons Foundation	Exploring metabolic dysfunction in the brains of people with autism	\$59,856	George Washington University
Simons Foundation	Hyperthermia and the amelioration of autism symptoms	\$0	Montefiore Medical Center

